WITNESSES FOR DREYFUS.

MANY DENIALS OF THE STATEMENT THAT HE CONFESSED.

Lebrun-Renaud Silent Under Forzinetti's Insult - Protestations; of Innocence by Dreyfus Bertillon's Queer Testimony Handwriting Experts Acquit Dreyfus-Auti-Revisionists at Their Last Gasp. Special Cable Despatches to THE BUN.

PARIS. April 21.-To-day's installment of prerius testimony published in the Figure deals with the evidence of Forzinetti, who was one of the strongest believers in Dreyfus's in-He declares that the conduct of Dreyfus while in prison was of a character impossible for a guilty man to exhibit. At Zola's trial, he says, M. Labori asked the President "Did it ever come to your knowledge that Dreylus avowed his guilt?" The President used to answer, and Forzinetti expresses his regret that he did not immediately shout Owing to the President's refusal to answer. M. Labori declined to question the subsequent witnesses, among whom was Capt. lebrun-Renaud. During a recess of the court Forz netti said to Lebrun-Renaud:

"The newspapers declare that you never told me that Drevfus did not avow his guilt. If you inspired the newspapers to say this you are an infamous liar."

Persons standing by interposed, Gen. Gonse remarking: "I know your nerves are excited: Forzinetti expressed regret for his forgetfuiness in the General's presence and Gonse shook his hand. He expected to receive challenge from Lebrun-Renaud, and is still wondering why he did not get one.

Forginetti was an intimate friend of Attel and frequently discussed the Dreyfus affair with him. He swears that Attel never sug gested even remotely that Dreyfus confessed his guilt. Forzinetti bluntly declares that the dessier proofs were insufficient to convict, and that other documents have been forged since Mezzback deposes that he was sent to the office where Lebrun-Renaud, with Dreyfus. was awaiting the moment of degradation. Lebrun-Henaud stood in the doorway and Mezzback heard Dreyfus within loudly deearing his innocence. Lebrun-Renaud ordered Mezzback away, and he turned and

Mezzback heard Dreyfus within loudly decaring his innocence. Lebrun-Renaud ordered Mezzback away, and he turned and marched back with the regulation step. He had not gene many paces when the ceremony began Mezzback declares that at no time did Dreyfus say what Lebrun-Renaud alleges.

Heb, who was a fellow guest of Lebrun-Renaud and Abdo Valadier's dinner, heard Lebrun-Renaud and Yaladier's dinner, heard Lebrun-Renaud any. That cannalle Dreyfus did not cease to protest his innocence. The dinner was not finished when a messenger summoned Lebrun-Renaud who, upon returning to the room, said in a grumbling way:

"That cannalle Dreyfus again. I am obliged o leave you. It appears that I must give evidence at the Zola trial to-morrow. The General commanding in Paris sends an orderly to say that he desires to, confer with me on the subject of my evidence.

Fournier deposed that he heard that Bertillen, in 1840, in a fit of remorse, attempted to commit suicide by opening a vein in his sem. He declares that it is a curious fact that the chief prison officials dealing with Dreyfus believed that he was innocent.

Pleque testified to discovering a duplicate of the birdereau in Dreyfus's waisteout when the risoner's valies was searched. He did not know through whose hands the valies had passed prier to its coming into his possession. Bertillon stestimony was scarcely intelligible. It appears to convey the idea that Dreyfus took infinite pains to forge a handwriting for the purpose of writing the bordereau. The fabrication was made by means of a tracing of the alchabet composed of the handwritings of his brother his wife and himself. Bertillon sexplanation complicates matters even more than the system which he alleges that Dreyfus adopted. Bertillon complacently concludes:

"The thesis must explained is a demonstration not one of those artistic or personal appreciations which is always a contingent of landwriting experts. Being its inventor I am debarred from judging its merits."

Questioned respecting his famous scheme. Berti

id that Recase; and the prisoner Durlin, however, whether statements. Herisson testified that he met Lebrun-leant at the Moulin Rouge on the night of freelius degradation and heard him declare that Drevius had not admitted his guilt. Herisson reported the details of the conversal nublished in the Figure

that Drevius had not admitted his guilt. Herisson reported the details of the conversation in an article published in the Figure signed Clisson. maintaining in his testimony threabsolute truth of the whole article. Havol, who was present at the Moulin Houge, confirmed Herisson's evidence.

Several witnesses who were present at the degradation testified that Drevfus persisted in declaring his innocence, while others testified that Lehrun Hennaud declared that Dreyfus did not admit his guilt.

Bettillou's bizarre evidence was followed by the testimony of the other experts, Teyssonhiere, Charavay, Polletier and Gobert. Charavay withdraws his previous evidence that Inevius was the writer of the bordereau and low believes that the writing is Esterhazy's Pelletier declares that it is Esterhazy's and Gobert huntly agrees with him.

The Marin says that Gen. Roget refuses to be confronted with Picquart, alleging that the publication of the evidence in the Figure shows that Picquarthus corrected several material errors in the evidence he gave before the court. This, he says, proves that the court secretly submitted his conflicting testimony to Picquart, who was thus enabled to rectify certain statements. Gen. Roget's letter to this effect, the Marin Says, caused murmuring in the court when the passages accusing the Criminal Chamber were read.

The Sor says that Gen. Chanoine was confinenced by M. Palfologue in the notice was an entired to the court of Cassa-tone and court of Cassa-tone and court of Cassa-tone and court of Cassa-tone and court of Cassa-tone cassa-tone court of Cassa-tone cassa-tone

when the passages accusing the Criminal Chamber were read.

The Soir says that Gen. Chanoine was confonted by M. Palfologue in the Court of Cassaton the safernoon for two hours respecting the text of the Panizzardi telegram and other deciments forwarded to the court from the Foreign Office. The result of the confrontation is kent a close secret, but it is stated that a proces revial has been drafted.

The Soir is also responsible for a story that Paylus streachery was discovered by dictating to certain officers sham documents respecting military matters, each dictation containing slight differences from the others. Dreyfus scopy was always returned by French agents alroad. This belief theory is evidence that the anti-revisionists are at their last gasp.

Pairs, April 22.—The Figure this morning publishes the evidence given in the Dreyfus revision proceedings by M. Gobert, the expert of the Bank of France, MM. Giry and Molinier, professors at the Ecole des Chartes. MM. Bellomme, Couard and Varioard, professional "xverts, and M. Paulmeyer, director of the Ecole des Chartes. M. Gobert tells of the cavalier manner in which the General Staff treated him because he maintained that the hordereau was not written by Dreyfus.

M. Gobert was accused of gossiping and un-

isined that the bordereau was not written by Breylus. M. Gobert was accused of gossiping and unprofessional conduct, but he was not frightened by the charges. He stoutly maintains that Breyfus is innocent. M. Giry declares that the handwriting of the bordereau is a running hand, and not a fabricated writing, as Bertillon said. M. Giry also declares that the writing is that of Esterhazy.

2,700 SHOTS AN HOUR.

A New Quick-Firing Rifle Being Tested by the Austrian Government. Special Cable Desputch to THE BUS.

ing educational system of the State, changes which it is not believed have for their object the besterment of the system. The principal change which has excited the most apprehension is the proposal to take the high schools of the State out of the jurisdiction of the Regents and placing them under the supervision of the State Department of Public Instruction, which is to be hereafter called the State Department of Education, to be administered by a State Commissioner of Education to be appointed by the Governor. This amendment has aroused so much opposition among the friends of the high schools that the alvocates of the bill, realizing that it cannot pass the Legislature in its present shape, are considering the advisability of further amending the bill so as to incorporate in it a plan which. Elon R. Brown of Watertown favors

Senator Brown's proposed amendment provides that immediately upon the bassage of the bill the Governor shall appoint a State Commissioner of Education for a term of six years. That, at the general election next fall, there shall be elected in each of the eight judicial districts of the State one person, who shall become a member of the Board of Regents of the State in addition to the present membership of that body. The eight new Regents shall, at the expiration of the term of the State Educational Commissioner, select his successor. The present members of the Board of Regents are to have no vote in selecting the State Commissioner of Education, and as they die off their piaces are not to be refilled, so that eventually the Board of Regents will comprise only those elected by judicial districts.

The plan suggested by Senator Brown was proposed by him in the Constitutional Convention of 1894, and rejected almost unanimously. It is not likely to find much more favor with the Legislature, nor does it remove the objections made to taking the high schools away from the jurisdiction of the university of the State. VIENNA. April 21.-The Fremdenblatt reports the invention of a rifle capable of firing 2,700 shots an hour. The magazine of the new weapon holds fifteen cartridges. Tests are being made at the imperial arsenal.

Panama Canal Commissioner Off for Paris. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

Colox, Colombia, April 21. - Señor Esquerra. Colombia's Commissioner to Paris respecting the extension of the Panama Canal concession and the Director-General of the canal sailed for New York, on their way to Paris, yesterday, on board the steamship Allianga.

Chinese Rebels Defeated in Kowloon. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. SHANGHAL, April 21.—The Kowloon rebels have been defeated and many of them killed.

Country Property To Let or For Sale. Surprising results are often realized in departing on well-beaten paths. Bear this in mind when acing your advertising this season. If your propules are realized desirable, among THE SUS's readers may be found a purchaser by your making known arough the advertising columns the localities and as advantages.—Adv.

THE PLAGUE NOT IN PARIS, Denial of a Report That Three Cases Oc

NO INFITATION TO THE BOERS.

Part in the Peace Conference.

Netherlands Government is being attacked in

the English in China.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

"The German Admiral at We! Hai Wei made

remarkable statement to me. He said: 'The

thur, the Germans are laying out parad-

LONDON CARPENTERS ON STRIKE

There and They Want Them Raised.

LONDON, April 21.-Three thousand carpen

ters are on strike in this city to enforce a de

in their wages. The present rate is 9%, the

ROBBERY ON A FRENCH TRAIN

Ascribed to the Prevalent Spy Mania-Ar

American's Baggage Escapes.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUN.

Paris, April 21.-A robbery has occurred on passenger train running from Paris to Lyons.

but nothing of great value was taken. The most valuable baggage on the train, belonging

to an American, was untouched, while the bag gage of a French officer was ransacked. The

robbery is ascribed to the prevalent spy mania

MONEY RAISED BY CECIL RHODES A Contract Let to Build 250 Miles of the

Railroad from Buluwayo.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, April 21.-Cecil Rhodes has secured

he capital for the construction of a railway line from Buluwayo to Gwelo and Mafungabuse, and a British firm has obtained the con

tract to build 250 miles of the line. Mr. Rhodes has raised £1,700,000 for railway purposes in

GERMAN WARSHIP SENT TO SAMOA

The Cruiser Gefion Ordered to the Islands

from Shanghai.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUR. SHANGHAI, April 21.—The German cruises

Gefion has been ordered to proceed to Samon

English Comments on the Chess Contest. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 21.-The dejection caused

by George's defeat by Meyer in the inter-

national cable chess match to-day was soon

dissipated by hopefulness engendered by the

determined play of the other British contes

tants. The consensus of opinion was that the

match would be close. England's chances were believed to be much brighter this after-

noon. McLean's playing against Arensberg is

ations of which his game is capable. Much con-

fidence is reposed in Tattersall, of whom the

adage now prevails among collegians that "Tattersall always wins." Softlaw's plucky

recovery in his game with Catchings was much

admired. Softlaw explained that "Catchings

aimply played consistently the second best

moves." Ellis, who is matched against Young

Cook game, said he preferred the white's posi

tion, whose bishops, in combination with a rock, were stronger than black's knight and bishop, though the game was liable to change owing to the weakness of white's centre

THE WHITE EDUCATIONAL BILL.

Little Prospect of Its Passage at This Ses sion of the Legislature.

ALBANY, April 21.-While the prospects for

he passage of the White Educational bill are

slim, its advocates have not given up all hope

The bill was drafted by the State Statutory

Revision Commission, with a view of codify ing the State educational laws. While a re-

rision of these laws was deemed desirable by

those who have the State educational inter-

ests at heart, much opposition to the bill is

manifested in the Legislature on account

of recent amendments, which seem to add new provisions to the law. These

amendments make great changes in the exist-

ng educational system of the State, changes

which it is not believed have for their object

from the jurisdiction of the understanding is that It is said that the understanding is that President Milne of the Albany Normal School will be urged for appointment by the Governor to the Commissionership of Education, and that State Superint-indant of Public Instruction Charles H. Skinner, whose present position would be abolished by the bill, shall become the First Deputy, at a salary of \$1,500 in advance of his present compensation, who a position good for six years, he having but two years to serve in his present capacity.

To Combine Western Flour Mills

Notices have been sent out by a committee

appointed under an agreement of the stock-holders and bondholders of the Hecker-Jones-

Jewell Milling Company asking the security

holders of that company to deposit their stock

holders of that company to deposit their stock and bonds on or before April 26 with the Franklin Trust Company, 164 Montague street. Brooklyn This action, it was reported at the New York Produce Exchange yesterday, is pre-iminary to the formation of the flour com-bination which Thomas A. McIntyre has been promoting.

The new company is to be called the United States Milling Company, and is expected to in-clude mills having a daily capacity of 48,800 barrels.

retire for half an hour this evening.

still the chief attraction on account of the vari

the strikers.

Cape Town.

Special Cable Despatches to THE Sex.

ing out cricket grounds at Wei Hai Wei."

to-day Lord Charles Beresford said :

VARNUM TALKSTOLAWYERS curred in a Drapery Establishment. SAYS THERE IS STILL BLACKMAIL

Special Cable Despatch to Tun Bun, IN THE SURROGATE'S COURT. Pants, April 21 .- The Fronde, a journal published by women, printed a report to-day that Speaks About Two General Inventory Apthree cases of bubonic plague had occurred among the employees of a large drapery espraisers Who Continue Illegal Practices the Same as in the Past, but Withholds tablishment in Paris, and said that the germs Names-Members of the Bar Warned. of the disease were believed to have been Some surprise was caused in the Surrogate's brought here in Oriental carpets. The report was promptly denied by the Prefecture of Court yesterday when Surrogate Varnum, at

the opening of the court said: 'As there appear to be many members of the bar present. I think it only right to make a statement to them which I desire them to disseminate as far as possible among other memransvaal Government Not Asked to Take bers of the bar and their own clients.

"You are all aware of the result of the re Special Cable Despatch to THE BUS.

THE HAGUE, April 21.—The people of the
Netherlands are annoyed by the fact that the cent legislative investigation as to the methods of certain persons who were formerly appointed by this court as appraisers. Most of Transvani Government was not invited to take you are aware, from your own knowledge, that part in the disarmament conference. The only a small part of the delinquencies or offences that have actually occurred, was consequence, allegations being made that the brought out before that legislative commitfailure to send an invitation to the Boer Govtee. Nevertheless, it would seem as if, unde ernment was due to fear of offending England. all the circumstances, the facts that had been prought out would be sufficient to warn any EPIGRAM BY A GERMAN ADMIRAL persons heretofore or hereafter appointed by Methods of the Russians, the Germans and this court, that no exactions of illegal fees and no form of blackmail or intimidation of any kind would be tolerated. Now, it LONDON, April 21.-In the House of Commons has been brought to my attention from most reliable sources, within a day or so, that two of the persons, who had been frequently appointed in the past by my predecessor as general inventory appraisers, and who still have many unfinished matters before lussians are busy building docks at Port Arthem, are actually carrying on the same illegal grounds at Kiao Chou and the English are laypractices and attempting the same blackmall now that they did in the past. I wish it to be distinctly understood that the Judges of this ourt intend this to stop, and I ask you, gentlemen of the bar, should any efforts be made by these men, or by any of the appraisers or other officers appointed by this court, to secure larger fees than those that are allowed by law, either by attempting to treat or dicker with attorneys or by attempting blackmail, such as threatening to withhold the report until their fees are settled satisfactorily to them, as has been done frequently in the past, to bring it at once to the attention of this court, when the offence will be promptly dealt with. The Court has decided in every case of appraisements, either under the transfer tax law or under the general inventory appraisement provisions, that the appraisers fees must be taxed by the Surrogate, and blanks have been prepared, which can be procured from the proper clerks, showing exactly what the facts are, which the Surrogates deem necessary to have brought before them, in order to intelligently and justly make such taxation.

"There is no necessity for your paying illegal fees or being blackmailed. There is no necessity for your paying more than the regular legal fees." Those may be amailed, that they are Their Wages Are the Highest Ever Paid men of the bar, should any efforts be made by mand for an increase of half a penny an hour GLASGOW, April 21.-The master carpenters here have agreed to concede the demands o

make such tagstion.

"There is no necessity for your paying illegal fees or being blackmailed. There is no necessity for your paying more than the regular legal fees. Those may be small—I think they are for a city of this size, where there are so many estates of great magnitude—but, nevertheless, they are the fees provided by law. The great trouble in the past has been that the lawyers themselves have been too much disposed, in order to facilitate their own business or that of their clients, to listen to the suggestions of the appraisers and pay more than the legal fees in order to get their work speedily completed.

"I shall endeavor, by the character and standing of the persons whom I shall appoint as appraisers, to break up this practice and also stop the exactions of illegal charges. We must ask you, therefore, gentlemen of the bar, to bear what I have said in mind, and to give your valuable assistance in this matter to the Judges of this court. If you have any complaints to make as to the conduct of any of the appraisers appointed, make them to one of the Surrogates, and they will be promptly investigated. I have thought, under all the circumstances, as the evidence is most clear and convincing that the two persons referred to have been guilty of this conduct within the past few days in relation to two different estates, that the bar should know generally how this court desires that they should be treated. If they fail to return their reports promptly, or threaten to withhold them, bring them up before the court. Our success in correcting the abuses above referred to largely depends on you, gentlemen of the bar, and I feel sure that you will sustain us by your confidence and your actual personal co-operation."

Surrogate Varnum refused to name the men he referred to in his statement. When the statement was shown to Surrogate Fitzgeraid he said:

"I have always insisted that all appraisers fees shall be taxed in the manner provided for by law, and I will continue to do so."

B. AND O. RECEIVERS REPORT. Statement Issued Shows Receipts and Ex-

penditures for January. BALTIMORE, April 21.-The thirty-fifth port of the receivers of the Baltimore and Onio Railroad Company, showing the receipts and disbursements, was filed in the United States Circuit Court yesterday by John K. Cowen and Oscar G. Murray. The miscellaneous receipts and the traffic receipts \$2,070,786.06, making a total with the amount brought forward of \$5,572,330.09. This balance amounted to \$1,050,389.14. is not in good health, and he was compelled to

The sum paid for traffle disbursements was Blackburne, commenting on the Hulbert-\$2,580,040,28, leaving a balance on hand at the end of the month of \$2,275,022,35.

The report of the disbursements and receipts from the receivers of the funds of the Terminal Improvement Fund shows that there is a balance to their credit in January of \$170,-281.37.

Vermont Central Elections.

BURLINGTON, Vt., April 21.—The first meet-ing of the Central Vermont Bailway Company for the purpose of organization was held at St. Albans this afternoon. Directors were elected as follows: Charles M. Hays, Montreal; John Bell, Belleville, Ont.; E. H. Fitzhugh, Toronto Smith, St. Albans; D. D. Ranlett E. C. Smith, St. Albans; D. D. Raniett, St. Albans; John W. Stewart, Middle-bury; A. F. Walker, Rutland; Dr. W. Seward Webb, Shelburne; John G. McCullough, Bennington; Ezra H. Baker, Boston; Samuel Kilmer, New York; C. H. Wilds, Middlebury; H. B. Day, Boston, The directors elected the following officers: President, E. C. Smith, St. Albans; Vice-President and General Manager, E. H. Fitzhugh, Toronto; Treasurer, R. H. Ingram, Montreal; Auditor, N. M. Revnolds, St. Albans.

Vanderbilts Get the Monon.

Wall street heard vesterday that negotiations begun last fall for the purchase of the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway, popularly known as the Monon line, had been closed, and that the road had been bought by a syndicate that the road had been bought by a syndicate identified with the Vanderbilt interests. According to report, the papers by which Gen. Samuel Thomas, President of the company and the controlling stockholder, sold his stock holdings, were signed on Wednesday, and the transfer of the road to the new interests will be made on Monday. These interests, it was inderstood, will operate the property in bar nony with the Big Four.

Huntington Buys a Mexican Railroad. AUSTIN, April 21.-Collis P. Huntington and associates have purchased the Texas Mexican Railroad, which runs from Corpus Christi to narrow gauge line and it willibe immediately changed to standard width. It was owned and operated by the Mexican National Railway Company. It will be extended from Laredo to Eagle Pass, Tex., where it will connect with the Mexican International and Southern Pacific roads, making nowa through Huntington route between Eagle Pass and Houston and Galves-

CONTINENTAL TOBACCO COMPANY.

its Stock Increased from \$75,000,000 to \$100,000,000 at a Meeting in Newark.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Continental Tobacco Company was held in Newark yesterday afternoon for the purpose of increasing the stock \$25,000,000 to buy out the plug tobacco business of Liggett & Meyer of St. Louis, and the vote was targely in favor of the increase, which will make the total \$100,000. occase, which will make the total \$100,000,000,000. Vice-President Harrison I. Drummond presided in the absence of President James B. Duke, Sectetary D. A. Keller and Treasurer Pierre Lorillard were present. The latter and Mr. Drummond held in proxies \$58,000,000 of the \$40,000,000 of the issued stock of the company and cast these votes in favor of the new issue, which will be half in preferred and half in common stock. The meeting was held in the office of I. Bayard Kirkpatrick, the Newark agent of the company.

Visitors Barred on the Raleigh. No visitors were allowed on board the Raleigh resterday, as the cruiser was coaling from arges alongside. The war ship is very short handed, almost half of her crew having overstayed their shore leave. For this reason the work of coaling the ship proceeded slowly, and it is possible that part of to-day will be required to complete the operation. Visitors will not be allowed on board until the ship's bunkers are filled. THE GRAU TESTIMONIAL.

A Great Audience in the Metropolitan Opera House Last Evening.

One of the great audiences that have become familiar at the Metropolitan Opera House this year was in the theatre again last night. Once more the artists appeared together as in the former fashion of farewell performances. It was a testimonial to Maurice Grau that assembled them this season for the last time The amount of the receipts probably exceeded that of any performance ever given at the opera house, as the prices were advanced and t would not have been possible to get even into the space reserved for standing room more than the number which had gathered there before the curtain rose. The takings

were \$18,079. Only two of the artists announced did not appear. Mme. Marcella Sembrich, who was to have sung in the first act of "La Traviata," had, according to the programme, taken slight cold in Baltimore. There were vague rumors of dissatisfaction with the place allotted to her on the programme, but they were not verified and the theory of indisposition was ac-cepted. The last act of "Faust" was sub-stituted, with Mme. Fames and MM. Saleza and Plançon. M. Van Dyck, who took cold on the tour, did not appear in part of the first act of "Die Walkure." His place was taken by Herr Dieped.

Plançon. M. Van Dyck, who took cold on the tour, die not appear in part of the first act of "Die Walkfire." His place was taken by Herr Dippel.

No such miscellaneous programme was ever given before at the Metropolitan. One act of "Tristan und Isolde" and scenes from "Die Walkfire" were enough to differentiate the performance from all similar occasions. Such serious musical numbers were never given before this season under the circumstances, atthough their propriety is comprehensible enough at the close of a season in which the operas of Wagner have figured so frequenty. Naturally they had their effect on the audience. The old-time enthusiasm witnessed on these farewell occasions was not noticed. There were kindly enough farewells, but the former hysterical mood which kept a part of the public into the early morning hours did not manifest itself.

The programme opened with the balcony scene from "Romeo et Juliette." by MM. Saleza, Meux and Vanni and Mmes. Suzanne Adams and Bauerneister. They were several times recalled and the artists received the wreaths and bouquets presented by Maurice Grau to all who took part. After the second act of "Tristan und Isolde," sung by MM. Jean and Edouard de Reszke, Pringle and Bispham and Mmes. Nordica and Brema, the applause was not quieted until Maurice Grau earned of the second delivery of the artists. Mme. Nordica got by ascident a bouquet intended for Mme. Brema. In other espects the floral demonstration was uneventful.

The musical interlude followed. Mme. Mantelli had to sing twice. "O Mio Fernando" and Mme. Schumann-Heink, with her favorite brindish, showed that the public has not grown weary of it. She was compelled to make a speech at the close of her second delivery of the song. Knowing that there was little time, size was brief. I thank you, good-by, was the extent of that part of her performance. M. Van Roos followed her with "Wotan's Abshied, from "Die Walkfüre." Mr. Bispham, who was announced to sing also in the concert interfude, was unable to appear, as no pia

rized with the facility that comes of long experience.

Part of the first act of "Die Walküre." sung by M. Dippel and Mine. Lehmann, and the prison scene from "Faust," with MM, Saleza and Plançon and Mme. Eames, brought the programme to a close at an earlier hour than such performances usually close, but the audience had given signs of abundant enjoyment, even if its mood was less tempestuous than usual, At the close Mr. Grau was called before the curtain. He thanked the artists and the public for the evidences of their good will, and he added that to the public's liberal patronage was due the unusual success of the opera season just closed.

COL. BRYAN IN BUFFALO. Justice Titus Presides at the Meeting and

O. H. P. Belmont Makes a Speech. BUFFALO, April 21.-Mr. Bryan's visit to Bufalo to-day was by invitation of the men who favor his candidacy for the Presidential nomiwhich he spoke to-night, did not pretend to be a celebration of Jefferson's birthday nor any thing else than an opportunity for Mr. Bryan to present his views. "I am glad," said he in pening. "for this chance to defend the prininles of Democracy."

In the afternoon he was the guest at a recention at the Geneace, where all the local silver men greeted him. He was escorted to Music Hall to-night by Chairman Bapst of the Democratic General Committee, the three State Committeemen, Frank Campbell of Bath, Norman E. Mack and O. H. P. Belmont of New

man E. Mack and O. H. P. Belmont of New York. The hall was crowded. The Bryan Culto occupied the front rows. Ten Roman Catholic priests sat in one of the stage boxes. They had been invited by Father Corbett of Westfield, an old friend of Mr. Bryan. Supreme Court Justice Robert C. Titus presided.

Mr. Belmont made a short speech. Mr. Bryan was cordially received. He provoked a laugh by referring to Mr. Belmont as one possessed of enough of this world's goods to take him out of the rank of Anarchists. These are some of the things Mr. Bryan said:

"The Republican party to-day can only see strennous life in a military policy that stretches around the globe. We are carrying dovastation to the Filipinos with the penny revenue stamp which the Republican party exacts from the sender of a telegram, because revenue stamp which the Republican party exacts from the sender of a telegram, because the rich men who own the telegraph com-panies are more influential with the Repub-ican party than all the people who use their

lican party than all the people who use their wires.

In the hour of peril this country takes the son from the mother, the husband from the wife, but it cannot lay a finger on accumulated weath and make it pay its share of expense. The income tax will be in the next campaign. I expect to see the day when the Constitution of the United States will be so amended as specifically to authorize an income tax, so that neither one Judge nor nine can build a bulwark around the money of the rich.

"It is a poor month that doesn't see the money question buried. The rise in wheat buried it. The fall in wheat buried it again. But the campaign of 16000 will find it very much alive."

The closing hour of Mr. Bryan's cration was devoted to a discussion of bimetallism. Mr. Bryan took occasion to night to say that he knew nothing about the report that George Fred Williams was to be the Vice-Presidential candidate in 1800.

NINE SKELETONS IN A BOAT. Fate of a San Francisco Man and His Com-

panions Who Disappeared.

San Francisco, April 21.—The first news has just been received of the fate of L. W. Maslin of San Francisco, who left El Triumpho in a boat on Dec. 3, 1898, with eight companions, and of whom no trace could companions, and of whom no trace could be found. The boat was discovered two weeks ago on the beach a few miles from Corrinto with nine skeletons stretched on the bottom. There remained only bones, clothing and some jewelry that had belonged to Maslin. Yultures had stripped the skeletons. It is believed that the men were blown out to sea, and, having no food or water aboard, perished, and that the boat was finally washed upon the beach.

SHOT IN A HALLWAY SCUFFLE, Gerrity Fired in the Air to Scare His Big

Brother-in-Law, Who Retaliated. William Gerrity, 30 years old, of 136 Chrystie treet, was shot in the hall of his house last night by his brother-in-law, James Ousey

The two men were quarrelling about Ouseys. The two men were quarrelling about Ousey's troubles with his wife.

Gerrity, who is the smaller of the two men, drew a revolver and fired in the air to frighten Ousey. Ousey took the pistol away and shot him in the thigh. The wound is not serious, ousey was locked up in the Eldridge street station and Gerrity was taken to Gouverneur Hospital.

New Attractions for the Park Zoo The steamship Pennsylvania, which arrived here yesterday from Hamburg, had on board two leonards, one lioness, two Indian antelopes and two pelicans for the Central Park menag-erie. The animals come from Germany in ex-change for the yourg hippopotamus. Cyrus, who will be shipped across the Atlantic next week to the Zoological Gardens at Berlin.

Dr. Feeney Asks to Be Declared a Bankrupt. Dr. Michael B. Feeney, a sanitary inspector residing at 32 East Third street, has filed petition in bankruptey, with liabilities \$25,213 and no assets. There are only four creditors, August Petenkoffer of Brooklyn, \$23,800 on an agreement to pay royalty on a patent; James J. Ryan, \$508, judgment for damages for loss of Ryan's wife's services; Juliette L. Ryan, \$470 money joaned, and O. C. Whitcomb & Co., \$35 for merchandise.

Trolley traffic on the bridge was carried on under difficulties early yesterday morning owing to the closing up of the north roadway to allow the laying of a big stretch of new rails. The men started to work about 1 o'clock, and from that time until about 5 o'clock trolley cars were allowed to run only on the south roadway. Three cars were used to take pas-sengers over and back.

THE COUNTERFEITING BAND

MORE ARRESTS EXPECTED IN THE BIG PENNSILVANIA CANE.
Two Warrants Out for Men in High Station—Jacobs, the Lancaster Cigar Man. Thought to Have Made Revelations—Newitt's Connection with the Case. Philadelphia, Pa., April 21.—It now appears that the Government officials and the Secret Service men have much vet to learn of the operations of the band of counterfeiters which was rounded up in this city and Lancaster which was rounded up in this city and Lancaster to be contested in extending work. The Scot plate is the finest place was a very fine place of counterfeiting scare in regard to its use had blown over. The Sol plate is the finest place of counterfeiting scare in regard to its use had blown over. The Sol plate is the finest place of factories at Lancaster, Pa. They were using counterfeit revenue stamps on the secret Service men have made, but how many cannot be said at this time, as the District Attorney and the Secret Service men are reticent. The city is full of the men connected with this most unobtrusive and important arm of the Government and arrests are looked for that will surprise many persons, for it appears that those who have been engaged in this gleantic scheme to defraud the Government by making bogus \$100 and \$50 notes and spuri-

but among cultured and wealthier people At least two more warrants are known to be out and these are not for the men who have placed the "queer" money, but for men who were engaged in the conspiracy, and the names of two Philadelphia lawyers, one somewhat prominent in society, are mentioned in connection with the case.

gantic scheme to defraud the Government by

making bogus \$100 and \$50 notes and spuri

ous revenue stampages not in the lower grades

of society from which criminals usually come,

William Jacobs, the Lancaster cigar manufacturer who is credited with being the instigator of the scheme, was in this city all night in the custody of Secret Service men. This morning he was taken to the office of the United States Marshal in the Federal building and after being questioned for some time in the private office of United States Attorney Beck was taken to the "cage" in the Marshal's office and locked up. Mr. Beck refused to say whether he had a confession from Jacobs, but it is thought that he has given the Governmen information, for late in the afternoon he made a long statement that was taken down by a detective. His attorneys, J. Hay Brown and John E. Malone of Lancaster, were here last night and the greater part of to-day Both declined to say anything about the case.

So far as is now known the Government officers are not aware of the manner in which the spurious \$100 certificates were put in circulation and it is thought that they are now bending their efforts to get those who in the par lance of the counterfeiters are called "shovers of the green." It is probably this information that Jacobs has given to the District Attorney. The affidavit upon which the warrant for the arrest of ex-Assistant United States District Attorney Newitt is based is in the custody of United States Commissioner Edmunds, who will not disclose its full contents. The document is voluminous, the allegations covering ten pages of typewritten matter. A summary of what the affidavit sets forth has been made public, and this is sufficient to show, presuming, of sourse, that it is sustained by testimony at the hearing, how dilligently the case was worked to connect Newitt with the counterfeiting scheme.

It is alleged that Newitt offered \$1,000 to induce McManus to make known whether the Secret Service division was making an investigation into the business and conduct of Jacobs, Taylor and Bredell, a fact which, under the regulations of the division, McManus was not at liberty to disclose. It is further set forth that Newitt said to McManus at this lance of the counterfeiters are called "shovers

time:
"I can put you in the way to make \$1,000 if it is not too late. The man was at my office who is willing to give \$1,500 for a little information concerning the Becret Service. I am to get \$500 of it, and the \$1,000 I am to spend as I like, and you may as well have it, and it will not hurt you."
On the 4th day of March, it is alleged. Newlit said to McManus:
"Now, Mac, these people want to be assured that they won't be interfered with by the Serest Service for a month. Can you give that assurance?"

that they won't be interfered with by the Secret Service for a month. Can you give that
assurance?"

McManus answered yes.

On the 8th day of the month, the warrant alleges. Newitt paid to McManus the sum of
\$500 and promised him \$500 a month until
\$1,000 should be given him, the offer being intended to induce McManus not to report to the
chief of the division and the United States District Attorney the making and uttering of
counterfeit, stamps by Jacobs, Kendig, Taylor
and Bredeil, in case the matter should otherwise be brought to his attention, but to warn
Newitt and keep him further advised as to any
action which the officials might take. It is
set forth that Newitt, on giving to McManus
the sum of \$500, said:

"There is \$500, You will get \$500 more the
lat of the month and \$500 on the 22d. We
will get about \$4,000 apiece before we get
through. Ain't that a nice little income?"

McManus answered yes.

Newitt then said:

"Now, you are sure that Burns i meaning anther contribute the service of the sorting at-

Newltt then said: Now, you are sure that Burns | meaning another operative in the said Secret service division) is doing nothing in Lancaster on the

vision) to do not go determined that he is not, for he makes a report to me every day, and I know what every man in the office is doing. In conclusion, it is alleged that Newitt knew that conduct was contrary to the form of the conduct was contrary to the conduct was contract. the act of Congress. Secret Service Agent Burns was in Lancaster to-day and shipped to this city the paper, plates, and machinery that were found in the factory of Jacobs. They

Burns was in Lancaster to-day and shipped to this city the paper, plates, and machinery that were found in the factory of Jacobs. They filled two cars.

Washinoton, April 21.—Chief Wilkie of the Secret Service returned late last night from Philadelphia, where he went to make an investigation in connection with the arrest of the Ave men implicated in the extensive scheme to counterfeit United States notes and revenue stamps, and this evening he told some additional details of the case, which show it to have been one of the most remarkable in the history of counterfeiting. Mr. Wilkie learned that the plan was to print \$10,000,000 in counterfeit money and to divide it among the five men. Jacobs, Kennig, Burns, Taylor and Bredell. Jacobs was the leader of the plot. He proceeded on the theory that every man had his price, and his plan was to buy a receiver in the Sub-Trassury in New York and deposit the counterfeits with him in denominations of \$20, \$20 and \$100, taking in return a certificate of deposit and drawing on those, receiving good money in return. Bredell, who is a mechanical genius, had charge of the machinery.

The counterfeiters had constructed a plant for making paper which could not be detected from that used by the Government in printing its money. The machinery was boxed up when captured. The counterfeiters evidently had decided to wait until everything was ready hefore putting it together and in working order. So extensive was the plant that in a week's time; enough paper to printing stom partially completed a plant for printing \$100,000,000 could have been manufactured.

The counterfeiters had already completed a \$50 plate, known as the Everett plate, and had partially completed a plant for printing \$100 notes. These plates and the others captured

ESTABLISHED 1845.



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For Busy

"Haven't time to look up 'what's what' in clothes." That's just why this is a good place for the

busy man-he's sure

Men. of getting the proper thing. Then, too, he pays nothing for the cor-

rectness. Suits for Business in newest

colorings and Blacks, Blues and Oxfords, \$15 to \$32. The many styles of Overcoats

are all here. \$15 to \$35.

Mercerized Balbriggan Underwear, \$1 the garment, White Duck Neglige Shirts, \$1.50, Colored Shirts, \$1.50 to \$3. Fancy Half Hose, from 25c. Imported Silk Underwear, \$2.50 and up. The best of Ierby Hats, \$3. Boys' Furnishings and Hats.

Custom Tailoring Depart ment.

CUBAN RAILROAD PROJECT. Gen. Greenwood Seeking a Franchise at Havana.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS. HAVANA, April 21.-Gen. Greenwood, who says he represents a big American syndicate. eailed this afternoon at the office of Senor Saenz Yanez, Secretary of Public Works, and informed him that he was fully authorized by the Washington Government to construct a central railway through the island from Pinar del Rio to Santiago, with branches to the principal ports on the northern and southern coasts. The Secretary replied that he was not authorized to grant a concession without submitting the matter to Governor-General Brooke, and, furthermore, that he believed, after the resolution adopted by the American Congress, that no concession of the kind could be granted at present.

Gen. Greenwood insisted that a concession should be granted, on the ground that the railroad was a public necessity. He said that his syndicate had \$25,000,000 ready for the construction of the line. Upon the Secretary's second refusal to act without Gen. Brooke's knowledge, Gen. Greenwood said he was authorized by Secretary of War Alger to proceed without regard to Gen. Brooke. He showed some papers to the Secretary. The latter, before taking any steps in the matter, will consult with the Cabinet to-morrow.

Señor Pichardo, Sub-Secretary of Public Works, is authority for the foregoing. He showed to the correspondent of The Sun a letter from Secretary of State Capote introducing Gen. Greenwood to Señor Saenz Yanez as a person highly recommended from Washington. It is generally doubted that Greenwood has any such authorization as he pretends to have. He says that he will give immediate employment to 14,000 men.

The representative of a French syndicate also visited the Secretary of Public Works today and asked for a concession to exploit copper mines in Santiago province. This request will also be submitted to the Cabinet to-morrow.

Trouble has occurred at the Post Office hesecond refusal to act without Gen. Brooke's

will also be submitted to the Post Office be-row.

Trouble has occurred at the Post Office be-tween the Cuban and the Spanish employees.
The latter fore down the Cuban flags in the of-fice and this precipitated a disturbance. The Cubans sent a written complaint to Superin-tendent Newman, who discharged the culprits.
Señor Bacardi, Mayor of Santiago, has suc-ceded in obtaining some modifications of the orders regurding the revenues of that province. Senor Bacardi, Mayor of Santiago, has succeeded in obtaining some modifications of the orders regarding the revenues of that province, the diversion of which to Hawana caused much complaint in the province. Gen. Brooke informed Mayor Bacardi to-day that he would agree to the following changes proposed by the latter: First, to suppress the duties paid at Santiago on seaborne imports from other ports of the island; second, that the deficits in the municipal budget of Santiago shail be paid by the central Government until the municipality organizes a system for the collection of tixes, and, third, that the High School, or Ynstitute Segunda Ensenanza, which has been closed, shall be reopened on Oct. I next.

The insular Cabinet is of the opinion that the extension of two years granted by Secretary of War Alger for the payment of mortgages is not sufficient to prevent financial distress among the sugar planters whose estates are mortgaged. The members of the Cabinet have consulted with Gen. Brooke, and the latter has cabled to Washington on the subject.

UNCLE SAM'S RIGHTS ASSERTED. Municipal Policemen Put Off the Grounds of the Havana Custom House.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS. HAVANA, April 21.-By order of the Chief of Police several policemen yesterday tried to take possession of the office of in-spectors of vessels, which under the Spanish Government was in charge of the police. The office is on the grounds of the Custom House, and Col. Bliss, the Collector of Customs, refused to permit the police to enter. saying that the Custom House grounds belong to the United States, regardless of any local authority. As the police insisted upon entering, Col. Bliss summoned four soldiers, who cleared them out.

Cuba's Supreme Court President. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN HAVANA, April 21.-Dr. Antonio Gonzalez Mendoza, a prominent lawyer, has accepted the office of President of the Supreme Court. The other appointments to the court have not

yet been decided upon the Secretary of Justice not having received answers from the persons to whom he offered the places. Transport Sedgwick Ashore

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, April 21.-The transport Sedgwick is ashore at Cayo Cardenas. She has on board the last of the troops of Gen. Bates's division.

BRADLEY'S POLITICAL PLANS.

Getting Up a Roosevelt Boom with Himself for the Tuil of the Ticket.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 21.-A report was in irculation to-day that Gov. William O. Bradley, who, with his delegation from Garrard county, bolted the Republican Railroad Convention here on Wednesday, is forming a Roosevelt organization in the State. Republican party in Kentucky is two factions. divided into tion, that which controls the regular party organization, indorses and is practically controlled by the Federal Administration. The other faction, headed now by tiov. Bradley, is opposed to McKinley and those in charge of the machinery of the party in this State.

in charge of the machinery of the party in this State.

It is asserted openly that Gov. Bradley is playing the tail to Gov. Brosevelt's kite, and that if Roosevelt is the nominee of the Republicans for the Presidency Bradley stands an excellent show of getting second place on the ticket. It is asserted that Bradley, owing to his achievement in wresting Kentucky from Democratic control in 1885, and owing to the fact that he is by far the smartest politician in this State, is acceptable as a Vice-Presidential nominee to those opposing McKinley.

In view of resent political development, Gov. Bradley will not resign his present office, as it was reported several weeks ago. Neither will he move his place of residence from Kentucky after his term of office expires.

ASK \$700,000 COMMISSION. That's What Mr. Finley and Mr. Pettingell

Want for Underwriting Some Bonds. The Sheriff received an attachment yesterday against the Monterey and Fresno Railroad Company of California and Alfred Walker Jones of Pacific Grove, Cal., for \$700,000 in favor of George Eckhard, which was obtained favor of George Fekhard, which was obtained by Philip Carpenter on the ground of non-residence. It is an assigned claim from Henry H. Finley and Fred E. Pertingell for services in ordering an underwriter for an issue of bonds of the railroad company to the amount of \$7,000,000. It was stated that they procured Edwin A. Weed of Greenwich, Conn., as such underwriter, and he was necepted by the railroad company. They were to get 10 per cent, commission on the total amount of the bond issue. The attachment was served on the Knickerbocker Trust Company.

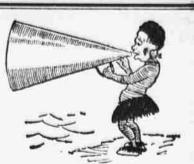
Missing Jurors Delay Windsor Fire Inquest. Coroner Fitzpatrick adjourned the inquest into the deaths of the Windsor Hotel fire victims for the second time yesterday, this time because of the failure of two jurors to appear. The Coroner said he would issue an attach-ment against them if they were not present on Monday, when the inquest will be resumed.

Mrs. Kilmer's Action Against Her Husband Discontinued.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., April 21.-Papers were filed to-day discontinuing the action begun by Prompt attention to out-of-town orders.

BROADWAY, Cor. 31st St.

Beatrice Richardson Kilmer, daughter of A.
Frank Richardson of New York, and one of the bridesmaids at the Gould-Castellane wedding, against her husband, Willis Sharpe Kilmer of this city.



If you are of a boastful nature cheap tailor may do your work. If you merely want the best of

cloths, well put together, we can nterest you. We don't make to order but

we make to fit. Suits, overcoats, shoes, hats and

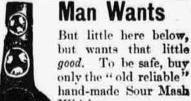
furnishings for man and boy.

ROGERS, PEET & Co.

350 Broadway, cor. Leonard, 5do Broadway, cor. Prince. Thirty-second and Broadway.

MELASOPTED JULY NO

OLD CROW



Whiskey, Old Crow Rye, which, if genuine, will

fill the bill. Buy only of reputable houses.

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*++++++++++++++++++

Have for many years been the popular family medicine wherever the English language is spoken, and they now stand without a rival for Billous and Nervous Disorders, Wind, Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Fulness after meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Cestiveness and Sallow Complexion. These afflictions all arise from a disordered or abused condition of the stomach and liver.

Beecham's Pills, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. 10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores

*++++++++++++++++ ELSIE HASKELL'S DEEP SLEEP.

the Was Not Awakened Even When Her

Horse Fell Into a Trench. Eisie Haskell, who said she was housekeeper at the Atlantic Park Hotel, a roadhouse in the northern part of Newark, went to sleep in a buggy white driving through Mount Pleasant wenue. Newark, between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday morning, and the horse walked slowly toward its stable. Policeman Early awakened her and she thanked him, but he made up his mind to see the outilt off his post and followed

mind to see the outlit off his post and followed until the horse disappeared in a water-pipe trench dug by a plumber in front of 19 Mount Pleasant avenue.

Early ran forward and found the horse wedged in the ditch and the woman sound asleep again. The buggy had remained on the surface. Early rapped for assistance and brought Roundsman Cadrey and a number of the neighbors. The rapping aroused the woman, and she went into hysterics, screaming so that she awakened the neighbors all around. She screamed until the policemen threatened to arrest her. Then she begged to be taken home.

home.

A policeman walked with her to the hotel, and meanwhile the other policeman and some citizens rigged tackle and hoisted the horse from the ditch with the aid of a team of draught horses. The horse was not much hurt.

ACCUSED OF THREE MURDERS.

Mrs. Brunot, Her Son and Another Young Man Arrested in Pana, Ill.

PANA. III., April 21.—Mrs. Jane Brunot, her son, Henry, aged 10, and Fred Sibley, aged 21. were arrested to-day for the murder of Miss Anna Brunot, a wealthy spinster. Her body has been found in a well on the farm of her late brother, Charles Brunot, near here, Miss Brunot came here from Indiana last month

Brunot came here from Indiana last month and disappeared about April 1. She had a draft for \$500 and other valuables. It is known that young Brunot and Siblev cashed the draft at Indianapolis, and after spending the money returned to Pana.

The officials say that Mrs. Brunot and her son noisoned Charles Brunot, Mrs. Brunot's husband, who died a year ago while sitting at his dinner table. They also believe that Henry Brunot and Fred Siblev killed Mrs. Mary Mclatyre, a widow who was found dead in her home last February, their object_being robers. bery.
It is believed that they will confess to all three murders.

Brokers Get Out an Attachment for Commissions.

The Sheriff received an attachment for \$277 .-200) yesterday growing out of the sale of the stock of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company of St. Louis. The attachment was obtained by A. A. Housman & Co., stockbrokers of 52 Exchange place, against Claude Kilpatrick and John Fowler individualy and against Mr. Kilpatrick, Mr. Fowler and Mitchell Scott as trus-tees under the will of John Liggett, all of St. tees under the will of John Liggett, all of St. Louis, for commissions on presuring a purchaser for 500°, shares of stock of the Liggett & Meyers Tobacco Company, A. A. Housman & Co., state in their compaint that on Dec 27. 1818, the defendants employed them as brokers to trocure a purchaser for this stock, which was owned and held by the defendants, the latter agreeing to pay the brokers to usual commission upon the purchase price—5 per cent. The brokers state that they produced George P. Butler, who purchased the stock at \$11.000 a share, a price agreed upon and accepted by the defendants. The Sheriff served the attachment upon the Central Trust Company.

Met Death by Falling on a Circular Saw. BATH, N.Y., April 21. - While at work in a porable sawmill in the town of Cameron yesterday, John Cobin, aged 24 years, Fost his balance and fell over backward, striking on a large cir-cular saw in motion. He was cut through the groin, the right leg and part of the right side of the body being severed. Death was almost in-stantaneous.

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Delightfully Situated. Delicious Cuisine.
Thoroughly Metropolitan in All Respects.